#### Volcke Aerosol Company NV



## **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

(REACH regulation (EC) n° 1907/2006 - n° 2015/830)

### SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Product name: ROSE GOLD SPRAY (NFDT)

Product code: 091250-NFDT.

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Ideal for use on handicrafts (e.g. cones, cardboard, etc.), Christmas decorations and flower arrangements. Only use the product as directed on the aerosol.

## 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name: Volcke Aerosol Company NV. Address: Industrielaan 15. B-8520. Kuurne. Belgium. Telephone: +32 (0) 56 35 17 23. Fax: +32 (0) 56 35 30 69.

info@volcke-aerosol-connection.com http://www.volcke-aerosol-connection.com

## 1.4. Emergency telephone number: +32 (0) 56 35 17 23.

Association/Organisation: http://www.volcke-aerosol-connection.com. Hours of operation: Monday - Thursday: 8:00-17:00; Friday: 8:00-13:00

## **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

## 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

## In compliance with EC regulation No. 1272/2008 and its amendments.

Aerosol, Category 3 (Aerosol 3, H229).

Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute hazard, Category 1 (Aquatic Acute 1, H400).

Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic hazard, Category 3 (Aquatic Chronic 3, H412).

This mixture does not present a health hazard with the exception of possible occupational exposure thresholds (see paragraphs 3 and 8).

### 2.2. Label elements

Mixture for aerosol application.

## In compliance with EC regulation No. 1272/2008 and its amendments.

Hazard pictograms:



GHS09

Signal Word:

WARNING

 $Additional\ labeling:$ 

37% by mass of the contents are flammable.

 $Hazard\ statements:$ 

H229 Pressurised container: May burst if heated.
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements - General:

P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

Precautionary statements - Prevention :

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Precautionary statements - Storage:

P410 + P412 Protect from sunlight. Do no expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C.

Precautionary statements - Disposal:

P501 Dispose of container to an approved waste disposal plant.

#### 2.3. Other hazards

The mixture does not contain substances classified as 'Substances of Very High Concern' (SVHC)  $\geq$  0.1% published by the European CHemicals Agency (ECHA) under article 57 of REACH: http://echa.europa.eu/fr/candidate-list-table

The mixture fulfils neither the PBT nor the vPvB criteria for mixtures in accordance with annexe XIII of the REACH regulations EC 1907/2006.

Intentional misuse of the preparation by concentrating and inhaling the vapours can be harmful or fatal.

## SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

#### 3.2. Mixtures

**Composition:** 

Identification	(EC) 1272/2008	Note	%
EC: 918-167-1	GHS08, GHS02		10 <= x % < 25
REACH: 01-2119472146-39	Dgr		
	Flam. Liq. 3, H226		
HYDROCARBONS, C11-C12, ISOALKANES,	Asp. Tox. 1, H304		
< 2 % AROMATICS	Aquatic Chronic 4, H413		
	EUH:066		
CAS: 7440-50-8	GHS07, GHS09, GHS02	T	2.5 <= x % < 10
EC: 231-159-6	Dgr	[1]	
REACH: 01-2119480154-42	Flam. Sol. 1, H228		
	Acute Tox. 4, H302		
COATED COPPER FLAKES	Aquatic Chronic 2, H411		
	Aquatic Acute 1, H400		
	M Acute = 10		
CAS: 106-97-8	GHS02	С	1 <= x % < 2.5
EC: 203-448-7	Dgr	[1]	
REACH: 01-2119474691-32	Flam. Gas 1, H220	[7]	
	Press. Gas, H280		
BUTANE (< 0,1 % 1,3-BUTADIENE)			
CAS: 109-87-5	GHS02	[1]	1 <= x % < 2.5
EC: 203-714-2	Dgr		
REACH: 01-2119664781-31	Flam. Liq. 2, H225		
METHYLAL			
CAS: 74-98-6	GHS02	[1]	1 <= x % < 2.5
EC: 200-827-9	Dgr	[7]	
REACH: 01-2119486944-21	Flam. Gas 1, H220		
	Press. Gas, H280		
PROPANE	·		
CAS: 68439-50-9	GHS05, GHS09		0 <= x % < 1
EC: 500-213-3	Dgr		
REACH: 01-2119487984-16	Skin Corr. 1B, H314		
	Aquatic Chronic 3, H412		
ALCOHOLS, C12-14, ETHOXYLATED	Aquatic Acute 1, H400		
	M Acute = 1		

(Full text of H-phrases: see section 16)

## **Information on ingredients:**

[7] Propellant gas

[1] Substance for which maximum workplace exposure limits are available.

### **SECTION 4 : FIRST AID MEASURES**

As a general rule, in case of doubt or if symptoms persist, always call a doctor.

NEVER induce swallowing by an unconscious person.

## 4.1. Description of first aid measures

## In the event of exposure by inhalation :

In the event of massive inhalation, remove the person exposed to fresh air. Keep warm and at rest.

## In the event of splashes or contact with eyes:

Wash thoroughly with fresh, clean water for 15 minutes holding the eyelids open.

## In the event of splashes or contact with skin:

Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

## In the event of swallowing:

In the event of swallowing, if the quantity is small (no more than one mouthful), rinse the mouth with water and consult a doctor.

Keep the person exposed at rest. Do not force vomiting.

Seek medical attention, showing the label.

If swallowed accidentally, call a doctor to ascertain whether observation and hospital care will be necessary. Show the label.

## 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See section 11.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label if possible). If symptoms persist, always call a doctor.

#### **SECTION 5 : FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

If the aerosols are exposed to a fire: keep containers cool by spraying with water from a protected position.

### Suitable methods of extinction

In the event of a fire, use:

- sprayed water or water mist
- foam
- multipurpose ABC powder
- BC powder
- carbon dioxide (CO2)

#### Unsuitable methods of extinction

In the event of a fire, do not use:

- water jet

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

A fire will often produce a thick black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may be hazardous to health.

Do not breathe in smoke.

In the event of a fire, the following may be formed:

- carbon monoxide (CO)
- carbon dioxide (CO2)

In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed. Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

## 5.3. Advice for firefighters

If possible, stop the product stream. Spray from a protected position till the containers are cool. If possible, take the aerosols outside. Keep public at a distance.

### **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

## 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Consult the safety measures listed under headings 7 and 8.

#### For first aid worker

First aid workers will be equipped with suitable personal protective equipment (See section 8).

## 6.2. Environmental precautions

Contain and control the leaks or spills with non-combustible absorbent materials such as sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth in drums for waste disposal.

Prevent any material from entering drains or waterways.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Clean preferably with a detergent, do not use solvents.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

No data available.

#### SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Requirements relating to storage premises apply to all facilities where the mixture is handled.

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Always wash hands after handling.

Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

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## Fire prevention:

Handle in well-ventilated areas.

Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Prevent access by unauthorised personnel.

### Recommended equipment and procedures:

For personal protection, see section 8.

Observe precautions stated on label and also industrial safety regulations.

Do not breathe in aerosols.

Packages which have been opened must be reclosed carefully and stored in an upright position.

#### Prohibited equipment and procedures:

No smoking, eating or drinking in areas where the mixture is used.

## 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

No data available.

#### Storage

Keep out of reach of children.

The floor must be impermeable and form a collecting basin so that, in the event of an accidental spillage, the liquid cannot spread beyond this area

Pressurised container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C.

Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Storage in a dry, frost-free and well ventilated place.

#### Packaging

Always keep in packaging made of an identical material to the original.

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

No data available.

## SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### 8.1. Control parameters

## Occupational exposure limits:

- Ireland (Code of practice for the Chemical Agents Regulations, 2016):

CAS	TWA:	STEL:	Ceiling:	Definition:	Criteria:
7440-50-8	0.2 mg/m3	-	-	-	-
106-97-8	1000 ppm				
109-87-5	1000 ppm	1250 ppm			
	3100 mg/m3	3880 mg/m3			
74-98-6	1000 ppm				

- UK / WEL (Workplace exposure limits, EH40/2005, 2011) :

CAS	TWA:	STEL:	Ceiling:	Definition:	Criteria:
7440-50-8	0.2 mg/m3	-	-	-	-
106-97-8	600 ppm	750 ppm		Carc	
	1450 mg/m3	1810 mg/m3			
109-87-5	1000 ppm	1250 ppm			
	3160 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	3950 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			

Hydrocarbons, C11-C12, isoalkanes, < 2 % aromatics : AGW (DE) : 300 mg/m³ (8 h)

# 

METHYLAL (CAS: 109-87-5)

**Final use:**Exposure method:
Workers.
Dermal contact.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 17.9 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.
DNEL: 126.6 mg of substance/m3

Final use: Consumers.

Exposure method: Ingestion.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 18.1 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Dermal contact.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 18.1 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 31.5 mg of substance/m3

### Predicted no effect concentration (PNEC):

METHYLAL (CAS: 109-87-5)

Environmental compartment: Soil.

PNEC: 4.6538 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Fresh water. PNEC: 14.577 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Sea water. PNEC: 1.477 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Fresh water sediment.

PNEC: 13.135 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Marine sediment. PNEC: 1.313 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Waste water treatment plant.

PNEC: 10 g/l

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

## Personal protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Pictogram(s) indicating the obligation of wearing personal protective equipment (PPE):



Use personal protective equipment that is clean and has been properly maintained.

Store personal protective equipment in a clean place, away from the work area.

Never eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using. Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

#### - Eye / face protection

Avoid contact with eyes.

Use eye protectors designed to protect against liquid splashes

Before handling, wear safety goggles in accordance with standard EN166.

Do not spray in the direction of the eyes.

## - Hand protection

Type of gloves recommended:

- Natural latex
- Nitrile rubber (butadiene-acrylonitrile copolymer rubber (NBR))
- PVC (polyvinyl chloride)
- Butyl Rubber (Isobutylene-isoprene copolymer)

Not necessary at efficient use. Wash your hands after contact with skin.

### - Body protection

Work clothing worn by personnel shall be laundered regularly.

After contact with the product, all parts of the body that have been soiled must be washed.

Not necessary at efficient use. Wash skin that has been in contact with the product, with water and soap.

## - Respiratory protection

Anti-gas and vapour filter(s) (Combined filters) in accordance with standard EN14387:

- A1 (Brown)

Do not breathe spray. Use only in well-ventilated areas.

## Exposure controls linked to environmental protection

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

## **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

## 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

#### **General information:**

Physical state: Fluid liquid.

Spray.

Color : Rose Gold
Odour : Specific

Important health, safety and environmental information

pH: 7.00 .

Neutral.

No ignition

Not relevant. Flash point interval: Vapour pressure (50°C): Not relevant. 0.952 Density: Water solubility: Soluble. Chemical combustion heat: < 20 kJ/g.Inflammation time: > 300 s/m3. Flash point: Not applicable Flammability: Not applicable

9.2. Other information

Ignition distance:

Pressure at  $20^{\circ}$ C:  $\pm 6.0$  bar Pressure at  $50^{\circ}$ C:  $\leq 12$  bar

Water content: Water-based formulation

## **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

### 10.1. Reactivity

No data available.

## 10.2. Chemical stability

This mixture is stable under the recommended handling and storage conditions in section 7.

## 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

When exposed to high temperatures, the mixture can release hazardous decomposition products, such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, fumes and nitrogen oxide.

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid:

- heat
- flames and hot surfaces
- frost

Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Storage in a dry, frost-free and well ventilated place.

## 10.5. Incompatible materials

No materials known by which a dangerous reaction can occur.

## 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

The thermal decomposition may release/form:

- carbon monoxide (CO)
- carbon dioxide (CO2)

The product is stable. Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Splashes in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage

11.1.1. Substances

Acute toxicity:

PROPANE (CAS: 74-98-6)

Inhalation route (n/a): LC50 > 10 mg/l

BUTANE (< 0,1 % 1,3-BUTADIENE) (CAS: 106-97-8)

Inhalation route (n/a): LC50 > 10 mg/l

ALCOHOLS, C12-14, ETHOXYLATED (CAS: 68439-50-9)

Oral route : LD50 > 2000 mg/kg

Species: Rat

METHYLAL (CAS: 109-87-5)

Oral route : LD50 = 6453 mg/kg

Species: Rat

OECD Guideline 423 (Acute Oral toxicityAcute Toxic Class Method)

Dermal route : LD50 > 5000 mg/kg

Species: Rabbit

OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)

COATED COPPER FLAKES (CAS: 7440-50-8)

Oral route : LD50 > 300 mg/kg

Species: Rat

Inhalation route (n/a): LC50 = 3000 mg/m3

Species: Rat

HYDROCARBONS, C11-C12, ISOALKANES, < 2 % AROMATICS

Oral route : LD50 > 5000 mg/kg

Species: Rat

OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)

Dermal route : LD50 > 2000 mg/kg

Species: Rabbit

OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)

Inhalation route (n/a): LC50 > 5000 mg/m3

Species: Rat

OECD Guideline 436 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity: Acute Toxic Class (ATC) Method)

Skin corrosion/skin irritation:

Methylal: Not irritating. Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause dermatitis and defatting.

 $Hydrocarbons, C11-C12, isoalkanes, \leq 2~\%~aromatics: Not~classified~as~skin~corrosive/irritant~but~marked~with~EUH066.$ 

Alcohols, C12-14, ethoxylated: Corrosive to skin.

Coated copper flakes: Not classified. METHYLAL (CAS: 109-87-5)

Species: Rabbit

OECD Guideline 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation / Corrosion)

Irritation: Average score = 4.2

Effect observed: Primary dermal irritation index (PDII)

Species : Rabbit

Duration of exposure: 72 h

OECD Guideline 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation / Corrosion)

HYDROCARBONS, C11-C12, ISOALKANES, < 2 % AROMATICS

OECD Guideline 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation / Corrosion)

Species: Rabbit

Duration of exposure: 72 h

OECD Guideline 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation / Corrosion)

Serious damage to eyes/eye irritation:

Hydrocarbons, C11-C12, isoalkanes, < 2 % aromatics: Not classified as damaging or irritant to eyes.

Methylal: Not irritating.

Coated copper flakes: Not classified.

Alcohols, C12-14, ethoxylated: Causes serious eye damage.

HYDROCARBONS, C11-C12, ISOALKANES, < 2 % AROMATICS

Corneal haze : Average score = 0

Species: Rabbit

Duration of exposure: 72 h

OECD Guideline 405 (Acute Eye Irritation / Corrosion)

Iritis: Average score = 0

Species : Rabbit

Duration of exposure: 72 h

OECD Guideline 405 (Acute Eye Irritation / Corrosion)

Conjunctival redness: Average score = 0

Species: Rabbit

Duration of exposure: 72 h

OECD Guideline 405 (Acute Eye Irritation / Corrosion)

Conjunctival oedema : Average score = 0

Species : Rabbit

Duration of exposure: 72 h

OECD Guideline 405 (Acute Eye Irritation / Corrosion)

Respiratory or skin sensitisation:

Hydrocarbons, C11-C12, isoalkanes, < 2 % aromatics : Not classified as sensitizing.

Methylal: Not sensitizing.

Alcohols, C12-14, ethoxylated: Not sensitizing.

Coated copper flakes: Not classified. METHYLAL (CAS: 109-87-5)

Guinea Pig Maximisation Test (GMPT):

Non-sensitiser. Species : Guinea pig

OECD Guideline 406 (Skin Sensitisation)

HYDROCARBONS, C11-C12, ISOALKANES, < 2 % AROMATICS

Guinea Pig Maximisation Test (GMPT): Non-sensitiser.

Species: Guinea pig

OECD Guideline 406 (Skin Sensitisation)

Germ cell mutagenicity:

ALCOHOLS, C12-14, ETHOXYLATED (CAS: 68439-50-9)

No mutagenic effect.

PROPANE (CAS: 74-98-6)

No mutagenic effect.

METHYLAL (CAS: 109-87-5)

No mutagenic effect.

Mutagenesis (in vivo): Negative.

Species: Mouse

OECD Guideline 474 (Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test)

Mutagenesis (in vitro): Negative.

Species: Mammalian Cell Line

OECD Guideline 473 (In vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test)

BUTANE (< 0,1 % 1,3-BUTADIENE) (CAS: 106-97-8)

No mutagenic effect.

COATED COPPER FLAKES (CAS: 7440-50-8)

No mutagenic effect.

HYDROCARBONS, C11-C12, ISOALKANES, < 2 % AROMATICS

No mutagenic effect.

Mutagenesis (in vivo): Negative.

Species: Rat

OECD Guideline 478 (Genetic Toxicology: Rodent Dominant Lethal Test)

Mutagenesis (in vitro): Negative

Species: Bacteria

OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay)

Species: S. typhimurium TA102

Carcinogenicity:

Alcohols, C12-14, ethoxylated: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

PROPANE (CAS: 74-98-6)

Carcinogenicity Test: Negative.

No carcinogenic effect.

METHYLAL (CAS: 109-87-5)

Carcinogenicity Test: Negative.

No carcinogenic effect.

BUTANE (< 0,1 % 1,3-BUTADIENE) (CAS: 106-97-8)

Carcinogenicity Test: Negative.

No carcinogenic effect.

COATED COPPER FLAKES (CAS: 7440-50-8)

Carcinogenicity Test: Negative.

No carcinogenic effect.

HYDROCARBONS, C11-C12, ISOALKANES, < 2 % AROMATICS

Carcinogenicity Test: Negative.

No carcinogenic effect.

OECD Guideline 453 (Combined Chronic Toxicity / Carcinogenicity Studies)

Reproductive toxicant:

Alcohols, C12-14, ethoxylated: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

PROPANE (CAS: 74-98-6) No toxic effect for reproduction

METHYLAL (CAS: 109-87-5) No toxic effect for reproduction

BUTANE (< 0,1 % 1,3-BUTADIENE) (CAS: 106-97-8)

No toxic effect for reproduction

COATED COPPER FLAKES (CAS: 7440-50-8)

No toxic effect for reproduction

HYDROCARBONS, C11-C12, ISOALKANES, < 2 % AROMATICS

No toxic effect for reproduction

Study on fertility: Species: Rat

OECD Guideline 414 (Prenatal Developmental Toxicity Study)

Study on development: Species: Rat

OECD Guideline 421 (Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test)

## Specific target organ systemic toxicity - single exposure :

Hydrocarbons, C11-C12, isoalkanes, < 2 % aromatics: Not classified as toxic to a target organ. Methylal: To human: Not classified for organ toxicity. For animals: No effects known.

Coated copper flakes: Not classified.

#### Specific target organ systemic toxicity - repeated exposure :

Hydrocarbons, C11-C12, isoalkanes, < 2 % aromatics: Not classified as toxic to a target organ. Methylal: To human: Not classified for organ toxicity. For animals: No effects known.

Coated copper flakes: Not classified.

## **Aspiration hazard:**

Hydrocarbons, C11-C12, isoalkanes, < 2 % aromatics: In case of swallowing or vomiting product can enter airways and can cause chemical pneumonitis and pulmonary oedema.

Methylal: Not considered hazardous. Coated copper flakes: Not classified.

#### 11.1.2. Mixture

No toxicological data available for the mixture.

## **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

The product must not be allowed to run into drains or waterways.

## 12.1. Toxicity

## 12.1.1. Substances

HYDROCARBONS, C11-C12, ISOALKANES, < 2 % AROMATICS

Fish toxicity: LC50 = 1000 mg/l

Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss Duration of exposure: 96 h

EC50 = 1000 mg/lCrustacean toxicity:

> Species: Daphnia magna Duration of exposure: 48 h

NOEC > 1 mg/l

Species: Daphnia magna Duration of exposure : 21 days

OECD Guideline 211 (Daphnia magna Reproduction Test)

ECr50 = 1000 mg/lAlgae toxicity:

Species: Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata

Duration of exposure: 72 h

NOEC = 1000 mg/l

Species: Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata

Duration of exposure: 72 h

METHYLAL (CAS: 109-87-5)

Fish toxicity: LC50 > 1000 mg/l

Species : Danio rerio Duration of exposure : 96 h

OECD Guideline 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)

Crustacean toxicity: EC50 > 1000 mg/l

Species: Daphnia magna Duration of exposure: 48 h

OECD Guideline 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)

COATED COPPER FLAKES (CAS: 7440-50-8)

Fish toxicity : LC50 = 0.0112 mg/lFactor M = 10

Species: Pimephales promelas

EC50 = 0.03 mg/l

Duration of exposure : 96 h

Species : Daphnia magna Duration of exposure : 48 h

Algae toxicity: ECr50 = 0.048 mg/l

Species: Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata

Duration of exposure: 72 h

#### **12.1.2.** Mixtures

No aquatic toxicity data available for the mixture.

## 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Crustacean toxicity:

Butane/Isobutane/Propane: Expected to be readily biodegradable.

Hydrocarbons, C11-C12, isoalkanes, < 2 % aromatics: Inherently biologically degradable. Transformation due to hydrolysis and due to photolysis is not expected to be significant. Expected to degrade rapidly in air.

#### 12.2.1. Substances

ALCOHOLS, C12-14, ETHOXYLATED (CAS: 68439-50-9)

Biodegradability: Rapidly degradable.

PROPANE (CAS: 74-98-6)

Biodegradability: Rapidly degradable.

METHYLAL (CAS: 109-87-5)

Biodegradability: Non-rapidly degradable.

BUTANE (< 0,1 % 1,3-BUTADIENE) (CAS: 106-97-8)

Biodegradability: Rapidly degradable.

HYDROCARBONS, C11-C12, ISOALKANES, < 2 % AROMATICS Biodegradability: Non-rapidly degradable.

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Butane/Isobutane/Propane: Not expected to be dangerous for the aquatic environment.

Methylal: No data available.

Hydrocarbons, C11-C12, isoalkanes, < 2 % aromatics : Not determined.

Alcohols, C12-14, ethoxylated: No data available.

Coated copper flakes: No data available.

## 12.4. Mobility in soil

Butane/Isobutane/Propane : If released into the environment, the product will rapidly disperse into the atmosphere where it will undergo photochemical degradation.

Methylal: No data available.

Hydrocarbons, C11-C12, isoalkanes, < 2 % aromatics: Leaking material can soak in the sediment layer and cause soil and groundwater contamination.

Alcohols, C12-14, ethoxylated: No data available.

Coated copper flakes: No data available.

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#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Hydrocarbons, C11-C12, isoalkanes, < 2 % aromatics: PBT/vPvB: No.

Alcohols, C12-14, ethoxylated: PBT/vPvB: No.

Methylal: PBT/vPvB: No.

Coated copper flakes: PBT/vPvB: No.

#### 12.6. Other adverse effects

No data available.

#### **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Proper waste management of the mixture and/or its container must be determined in accordance with Directive 2008/98/EC.

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Do not pour into drains or waterways.

#### Waste

Waste management is carried out without endangering human health, without harming the environment and, in particular without risk to water, air, soil, plants or animals.

Recycle or dispose of waste in compliance with current legislation, preferably via a certified collector or company.

Do not contaminate the ground or water with waste, do not dispose of waste into the environment.

Recycle or dispose of waste in complaince with current legislation, namely the Ordinance on the Avoidance and Disposal of Waste (Waste Ordinance, VVEA, SR 814,600), the Ordinance on Waste from June 22, 2005 (VeVA, SR 814,610) and DETEC Ordinance on Waste Lists.

Disposal of the product (the unused product, residual quantities, the cured product, emptied but uncleaned packaging): preferably by an approved waste collector or a specialist disposal company. Suitable containers and methods of waste treatment should be used.

## Soiled packaging:

Empty container completely. Keep label(s) on container.

Give to a certified disposal contractor.

## Codes of wastes (Decision 2014/955/EC, Directive 2008/98/EEC on hazardous waste):

15 01 10 \* packaging containing residues of or contaminated by dangerous substances

## **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

Transport product in compliance with provisions of the ADR for road, RID for rail, IMDG for sea and ICAO/IATA for air transport (ADR 2017 - IMDG 2016 - ICAO/IATA 2017).

### 14.1. UN number

1950

## 14.2. UN proper shipping name

UN1950=AEROSOLS, asphyxiant

#### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

- Classification:

2.2

ADR/RID Label: Limited Quantity: 2.2 is not applicable.

## 14.4. Packing group

-

## 14.5. Environmental hazards

- Environmentally hazardous material :



The symbol above is not applicable for "Limited Quantity".

## 14.6. Special precautions for user

Ľ	4.0. Special precautions for user										
	ADR/RID	Class	Code	Pack gr.	Label	Ident.	LQ	Provis.	EQ	Cat.	Tunnel
		2	5A	-	2.2	-	1 L	190 327 344 625	E0	3	Е
	IMDG	Class	2°Label	Pack gr.	LQ	EMS	Provis.	EQ			
		2	See SP63	-	See SP277	F-D,S-U	63 190 277 327	E0			
							344 381 959				
	IATA	Class	2°Label	Pack gr.	Passager	Passager	Cargo	Cargo	note	EQ	
		2.2	-	-	203	75 kg	203	150 kg	A98	E0	
									A145		
									A167		
									A802		

	2.2	-	-	Y203	30 kg G	-	-	A98	E0
								A145	
								A167	
								A802	

For limited quantities, see part 2.7 of the OACI/IATA and chapter 3.4 of the ADR and IMDG.

For excepted quantities, see part 2.6 of the OACI/IATA and chapter 3.5 of the ADR and IMDG.

## 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

No data available.

## **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

#### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### - Classification and labelling information included in section 2:

The following regulations have been used:

- Directive 75/324/CEE modified by directive 2013/10/UE
- EU Regulation No. 1272/2008 amended by EU Regulation No. 2018/669 (ATP 11)

#### - Container information:

No data available.

## - Particular provisions :

Labelling following EU Regulation No. 517/2014: Contains fluorinated greenhouse gases: HFC-152a.

## 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has been carried out for the following products or for the substances in these products:

Methylal

Hydrocarbons, C11-C12, isoalkanes, < 2 % aromatics

Alcohols, C12-14, ethoxylated

Coated copper flakes

#### **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

Since the user's working conditions are not known by us, the information supplied on this safety data sheet is based on our current level of knowledge and on national and community regulations.

The mixture must not be used for other uses than those specified in section 1 without having first obtained written handling instructions.

It is at all times the responsibility of the user to take all necessary measures to comply with legal requirements and local regulations.

The information in this safety data sheet must be regarded as a description of the safety requirements relating to the mixture and not as a guarantee of the properties thereof.

### Wording of the phrases mentioned in section 3:

H220	Extremely flammable gas.
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H228	Flammable solid.
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H413	May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

## **Abbreviations:**

DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level

PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration

ADR: European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by Road.

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods. IATA: International Air Transport Association. ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation

RID: Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by rail.

WGK: Wassergefahrdungsklasse (Water Hazard Class).

GHS09: Environment

PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulable and toxic. vPvB: Very persistent, very bioaccumulable. SVHC: Substances of very high concern.

## **Difference Report**

Revision: N°2 (29/11/2018) / GHS n°1 / GHS US n°) / Version: N°1 (29/11/2018)

Revision: N°1 (01/03/2017) / Version: N°1 (01/03/2017)

## **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### Waste

Recycle or dispose of waste in complaince with current legislation, namely the Ordinance on the Avoidance and Disposal of Waste (Waste Ordinance, VVEA, SR 814.600), the Ordinance on Waste from June 22, 2005 (VeVA, SR 814, 610) and DETEC Ordinance on Waste Lists.

Disposal of the product (the unused product, residual quantities, the cured product, emptied but uncleaned packaging): preferably by an approved waste collector or a specialist disposal company. Suitable containers and methods of waste treatment should be used.

## **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

Transport product in compliance with provisions of the ADR for road, RID for rail, IMDG for sea and ICAO/IATA for air transport (ADR 2015—IMDG 2014—ICAO/IATA 2016).

IMDG	Class	s 2°Lab	el Pack gr.	LQ	EMS	Provis.	EQ
	2.2	See SP63	- See	SP277	F-D,S-U	63 190 277 327	E0
						<del>344 959</del>	

Transport product in compliance with provisions of the ADR for road, RID for rail, IMDG for sea and ICAO/IATA for air transport (ADR 2017 - IMDG 2016 - ICAO/IATA 2017).

2	See SP63	- Se	ee SP277	F-D,S-U	63 190 277 327	E0
					344 381 959	

### SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

- Classification and labelling information included in section 2:
- -EU Regulation No. 1272/2008 amended by EU Regulation No. 2016/1179. (ATP 9)
  - EU Regulation No. 1272/2008 amended by EU Regulation No. 2018/669 (ATP 11)